



Learning Objectives by Time Horizon

Rear View Mirror (Past)

Slow paying clients

Inability to measure productivity or profitability by team member Inability to measure productivity or profitability by client

Windshield (Present)

Lack of access to critical information and documents

Slow turnaround times on client signatures and authorizations

Tracking productions – by dollar values – between billing cycles

Management, retention, and searchability of client documents

Project and task status

Managing remote workers

GPS (Future)

Measuring and forecasting team capacity





Handouts

The slides from this presentation will be available *after* the live presentation is over.

Download handouts at Woodard.com/Webinars

We will post the handouts no later than 5:00 PM Eastern today





About Scaling New Heights 2023

- Over 1,000 of the World's Leading Accountants and Bookkeepers
- Exhibit Hall Featuring Over 100 exhibits including 8 different accounting technology platforms
- Highly Advanced Training on QBO and QBD
- Practice and Professional Development Training
- World-Class Main Stage Experiences



www.ScalingNewHeights.com



Critical Visibility Part 1

The Rear View Mirror (Measurements of the Past)





The Rear View Mirror: Measurements of the Past

Client Receivable Turns and Payment Processes

Woodard recommends Tally Street www.tallystreet.com







Client Receivable Turns and Payment Processes

Our question	Our metric
How many days does it take to collect?	Days Sales Outstanding (DSO)
How late were late payments received?	Average Days Delinquent (ADD)
How late are unpaid balances?	Days Beyond Terms (DBT)
How well did we collect what should have been collected?	Collections Effectiveness Index (CEI)



Days Sales Outstanding

- Traditional DSO is the most well known AND very misunderstood!
- People think it is the average # of days it takes to collect on invoices
- It really is A/R expressed as a multiple of average daily sales

DSO = Accounts Receivable ÷ Average Sales per Day



Average Days Delinquent

- Same as traditional DSO, but only for late payments
- Suffers from the same distortions as DSO
- Real ADD is similar to True DSO, and gives us the weighted average number of days that late payments are late

```
ADD = \frac{Accounts Receivable}{Avg Sales per Day} - \frac{Current Accounts Receivable}{Avg Sales per Day}
Real ADD = \frac{\sum (Late Payment Amt \times (Payment Date - Invoice Due Date))}{\sum (Invoice Amts with Late Payments)}
```



Days Beyond Terms

- DSO and ADD both capture the timing of payments
- What about overdue A/R? Do you rely on aging statements?
- DBT is the weighted average # of days that overdue amounts are late

$$DBT = \frac{\sum_{Invoices\ overdue} (Reporting\ Date - Due\ Date) \times Balance}{\sum (Balances\ Outstanding)}$$



Collections Effectiveness Index (CEI)

- The best and least well-known collections KPI
- It's simple, easy to explain, and easy to benchmark
- CEI tells us we collected x% of what we should have collected

 $CEI = \frac{\text{Beginning Receivables} + \text{Credit Sales} - \text{Ending Receivables}}{\text{Beginning Receivables} + \text{Credit Sales} - \text{Ending Current Receivables}}$



The Rear View Mirror: Measurements of the Past

Productivity and Profitability by Team Member

Woodard recommends Mango Practice Management www.mangopractice.com







The Rear View Mirror: Measurements of the Past

Productivity/Profitability by Client

Woodard recommends Mango Practice Management www.mangopractice.com





Productivity and Profitability Considerations

- Difficult (impossible?) to measure when client tasks are shared across multiple professions
- Requires judgment calls on what you include in costs instead of general and administrative expenses
 - Percentage of employee salaries
 - Employee benefits
 - Production-Based Software Solutions, etc.
- Is this the measurement that matters?



Some thought leaders believe the only measurement that matters with productions and profitability is gross margin by portfolio – meaning line of service. If you aren't hitting targets for the portfolio, follow the subjective measurement breadcrumbs to the root of the problem (e.g., pricing, wrong clients, weak performers, etc.).



About Woodard's Courses and Workshops



Practice Advancement

Courses

The Ideal Practice

Maximizing Personal and Team Productivity

Amplifying Your Practice

Strategic Pricing

Data and Security Policies and Procedures

Maximizing Microsoft 365 in Your Practice

Execution Workshops – Building an Ideal Practice

Ideal You (i.e., Brand)

Ideal Services

Ideal Client Base

Ideal Technology

Ideal Process

Ideal Engagement

Ideal Team



Client Coaching

Client Coaching Courses

Management Coaching

Financial Coaching

Technology and Systems Coaching

Operational Coaching

Succession Preparation Coaching

Knowledge Management Coaching

"Bookkeeping Plus" Courses

Financial Measurements: Essentials

Accounts Receivable Management

Cash Flow Management: Essentials

Spend Management



Critical Visibility Part 2

The Windshield
Operational (Present) Processes and
Measurements





Access to Critical Information and Documentation

Woodard recommends Liscio www.Liscio.me







Liberating Data from Data Prisons











Paper

Local Drives

Email Exchanges

Voiced Information/Exchanges

People (i.e. Brains)





Shared Online

File Centers









OCR/Parsing Solutions



Practice Management with email Scraping



CRM- transcription solutions



Process Standardization





Client Signatures and Authorizations

Woodard recommends Ignition www.ignitionapp.com







Measurements for Engagements in Process (WIP)

Woodard recommends Mango Practice Management www.mangopractice.com





Note: WIP measurements are typically applied only to long term, non-cyclical projections and may not be a critical visibility concern for your practice.



Client Document Management

Woodard recommends Mango Practice Management www.mangopractice.com







Project and Task Statuses and Reporting

Woodard recommends Mango Practice Management www.mangopractice.com







Managing Remote Workers



Woodard recommends Microsoft Teams alongside Mango Practice Management







10 Essential Components of a Virtual Work Model

- 1. A team collaboration tool (e.g., Microsoft Teams/Slack)
- 2. Daily standing web-meeting (about 15 minutes) each day (require webcams)
- 3. A catalog of daily tasks per Person in a collaborative system. Discuss during the morning meeting
- Closed circle loops on daily task statuses at the end of the day (in Teams/Slack)
- Highly organized weekly web meeting to align on goals for the week and to conduct proactive training
- A controlled workspace with minimal background noise and distractions





10 Essential Components of a Virtual Work Model

- Clearly defined and communicated performance measurements to detect and mitigate systemic personal distractions
- Unlimited PTO (See #7 above)
- Strong internet. Pay to upgrade the remote worker's internet connection (as needed)
- 10. Standardized equipment and work protocols
 - Company Managed VOIP Phone Service (No Hard Phones)
 - Office-grade, background canceling headsets
 - Background protocols (or requirement to blur the background)
 - Use remote device controls (e.g., Microsoft Intune/Active Directory) for IT services
 - Task Management for Administrative and Client Tasks (More on this in an Upcoming Slide)





Free Resource!

How to Overcome 5 Common Challenges and Build the Accounting Practice of Tomorrow

Brought to you by





Critical Visibility Part 3

The GPS
Projections/Forecasts





The GPS: One Key Forward-Looking Measurement

Measuring and Forecasting Team Capacity

Woodard recommends Mango Practice Management www.mangopractice.com





